



ATTENTION:

Claim forms should be: mailed, faxed or emailed to:

jade@waregroupga.com

Fax: 217-954-0348

3808 W. Springfield Ave.

Suite C

Champaign, IL. 61822

For assistance, please call:

Jade Schweighart

Senior Customer Service Specialist

Ware Group General Agencies

Toll Free: 855-535-4231 Ext 210

Fax: 217-954-0348

jade@waregroupga.com



WELLNESS BENEFIT CLAIM FORM

(BENEFITS MAY BE DELAYED IF CLAIM FORM IS NOT FULLY COMPLETED)

Please complete the information on the claim form below and submit a copy of the bill. If you were treated at a non-cost incurred facility, please furnish verification from that facility of tests performed.

- 1. Employer Name: _____
- 2. Policyholder Name (First, Middle, Last): _____
- 3. Policy Number: _____
- 4. Claimant Name (First, Middle, Last): _____
- 5. Claimant Social Security Number: _____
- 6. Claimant Birth Date (MM/DD/YY): _____
- 7. Address: _____
City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____
- 8. Phone (including area code): _____
e-mail Address: _____

- 9. Please check the test(s) performed: _____ Date Test Performed (MM/DD/YY): _____
- Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Ultrasound
- Blood Test for Triglycerides
- Bone Marrow Testing
- Bone Density Screening
- Breast Ultrasound
- CA 15-3 (Blood Test for Breast Cancer)
- CA 125 (Blood Test for Ovarian Cancer)
- Carotid Ultrasound
- CEA (Blood Test for Colon Cancer)
- Chest X-Ray
- Colonoscopy
- CT Angiography
- EKG
- Double Contrast Barium Enema
- Fasting Blood Glucose Test
- Flexible Sigmoidoscopy
- Hemoccult Stool Analysis
- Mammography
- Pap Smear
- PSA (Blood Test for Prostate Cancer)
- Serum Cholesterol Test to determine level of HDL and LDL
- Serum Protein Electrophoresis (Blood Test for Myeloma)
- Stress Test
- Thermography

- 10. Doctor's Name: _____
Doctor's Phone: _____ Doctor's Fax: _____
- 11. Doctor's Address (Street): _____
City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

CERTIFICATION

Insured's Name: _____ Insured's Social Security Number: _____

I have checked the answers on this claim form and they are correct. I certify under penalty of perjury that my correct social security number is shown on this form. I acknowledge that I have received the Claim Form Addendum, Fraud Warning and State Versions' form and that I read the statement required by the State Department of Insurance for my state, if my state was listed on the form.

Insured's Signature

Date

FRAUD NOTICES. For your protection, certain states require that the following notices appear on this form.

Alabama. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.

Alaska. A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

Arizona. For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

Arkansas, Louisiana, Rhode Island and West Virginia. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

California. For your protection California law requires the following to appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Colorado. It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

Delaware. Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

District of Columbia. It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida. Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Idaho. Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement or claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Indiana. A person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.

Kentucky. Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Maine. It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits.

Maryland. Any person who knowingly and willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly and willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Minnesota. A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

New Hampshire. Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.

New Jersey. Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

New Mexico. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

New York. Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

Ohio. Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

Oklahoma. Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Oregon. Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person: (1) files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information; or, (2) conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any material fact, may have committed a fraudulent insurance act.

Pennsylvania. Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Puerto Rico. Any person who knowingly and with the intention of defrauding presents false information in an insurance application, or presents, helps, or causes the presentation of a fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss or any other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same damage or loss, shall incur a felony and, upon conviction, shall be sanctioned for each violation by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or a fixed term of imprisonment for three (3) years, or both penalties. Should aggravating circumstances be present, the penalty thus established may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years, if extenuating circumstances are present, it may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years.

Tennessee, Virginia, and Washington. It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

Texas. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

FOR ALL OTHER STATES EXCLUDING CONNECTICUT AND KANSAS. A person may be committing insurance fraud, if he or she submits an application or claim containing a false or deceptive statement with intent to defraud (or knowing that he or she is helping to defraud) an insurance company.